AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 15, 2004 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 27, 2004

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2580

Introduced by Assembly Member Goldberg

February 20, 2004

An act to amend Sections 297.5 and 299 of the Family Code, and to amend Section 14771 of the Government Code, relating to domestic partnerships.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2580, as amended, Goldberg. Domestic partnerships.

Existing law provides for the establishment and termination of domestic partnerships, as specified. On and after January 1, 2005, existing law extends the rights and duties of marriage to persons registered as domestic partners. Existing law requires the Director of General Services, through the forms management center, to provide notice to state agencies, among others, that in reviewing and revising all public-use forms that refer to or use the terms spouse, husband, wife, father, mother, marriage, or marital status, that appropriate references to domestic partner, parent, or domestic partnership be included.

This bill would provide that any reference to the date of a marriage also be deemed to refer to the date of registration of a domestic partnership with the state with regard to, among other things, community property or the dissolution of a partnership. The bill would require the enforcement of a premarital agreement as between domestic partners registered with the state before January 1, 2005, if that

AB 2580 — 2 —

agreement meets specified conditions. The bill would further revise and recast certain references to domestic partners or partnerships in the above provisions as "registered" or "state-registered" domestic partners or partnerships, as specified, and would make a conforming change with respect to state forms.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 297.5 of the Family Code is amended to read:

- 297.5. (a) Registered domestic partners shall have the same rights, protections, and benefits, and shall be subject to the same responsibilities, obligations, and duties under law, whether they derive from statutes, administrative regulations, court rules, government policies, common law, or any other provisions or sources of law, as are granted to and imposed upon spouses.
- (b) Former registered domestic partners shall have the same rights, protections, and benefits, and shall be subject to the same responsibilities, obligations, and duties under law, whether they derive from statutes, administrative regulations, court rules, government policies, common law, or any other provisions or sources of law, as are granted to and imposed upon former spouses.
- (c) A surviving registered domestic partner, following the death of the other partner, shall have the same rights, protections, and benefits, and shall be subject to the same responsibilities, obligations, and duties under law, whether they derive from statutes, administrative regulations, court rules, government policies, common law, or any other provisions or sources of law, as are granted to and imposed upon a widow or a widower.
- (d) The rights and obligations of registered domestic partners with respect to a child of either of them shall be the same as those of spouses. The rights and obligations of former or surviving registered domestic partners with respect to a child of either of them shall be the same as those of former or surviving spouses.
- (e) To the extent that provisions of California law adopt, refer to, or rely upon, provisions of federal law in a way that otherwise would cause registered domestic partners to be treated differently than spouses, registered domestic partners shall be treated by

— 3 — AB 2580

California law as if federal law recognized a domestic partnership in the same manner as California law.

- (f) Registered domestic partners shall have the same rights regarding nondiscrimination as those provided to spouses.
- (g) Notwithstanding this section, in filing their state income tax returns, domestic partners shall use the same filing status as is used on their federal income tax returns, or that would have been used had they filed federal income tax returns. Earned income may not be treated as community property for state income tax purposes.
- (h) No public agency in this state may discriminate against any person or couple on the ground that the person is a registered domestic partner rather than a spouse or that the couple are registered domestic partners rather than spouses, except that nothing in this section applies to modify eligibility for long-term care plans pursuant to Chapter 15 (commencing with Section 21660) of Part 3 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- (i) This act does not preclude any state or local agency from exercising its regulatory authority to implement statutes providing rights to, or imposing responsibilities upon, registered domestic partners.
- (j) This section does not amend or modify any provision of the California Constitution or any provision of any statute that was adopted by initiative.
- (k) This section does not amend or modify federal laws or the benefits, protections, and responsibilities provided by those laws.
- (*l*) Where necessary to implement the rights of registered domestic partners under this act, gender-specific terms referring to spouses shall be construed to include domestic partners.
- (m) (1) For purposes of the statutes, administrative regulations, court rules, government policies, common law, and any other provision or source of law governing the rights, protections, and benefits, and the responsibilities, obligations, and duties of registered domestic partners in this state, as effectuated by this section, with respect to community property, mutual responsibility for debts to third parties, the right in particular circumstances of either partner to seek financial support from the other following the dissolution of the partnership, and other rights and duties as between the partners concerning ownership of property, any reference to the date of a marriage shall be deemed

AB 2580 — 4 —

to refer to the date of registration of a domestic partnership with the state.

- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), for domestic partnerships registered with the state before January 1, 2005, an agreement between the domestic partners that the partners intend to be governed by the requirements set forth in Sections 1600 to 1620, inclusive, and which complies with those sections, except for the agreement's effective date, shall be enforceable as provided by Sections 1600 to 1620, inclusive, if that agreement was fully executed and in force as of June 30, 2005.
- SEC. 2. Section 299 of the Family Code, as added by Section 8 of Chapter 421 of the Statutes of 2003, is amended to read:
- 299. (a) A *registered* domestic partnership may be terminated without filing a proceeding for dissolution of domestic partnership by the filing of a Notice of Termination of Domestic Partnership with the Secretary of State pursuant to this section, provided that all of the following conditions exist at the time of the filing:
- (1) The Notice of Termination of Domestic Partnership is signed by both *registered* domestic partners.
- (2) There are no children of the relationship of the parties born before or after registration of the domestic partnership or adopted by the parties after registration of the domestic partnership, and neither of the registered domestic partners, to their knowledge, is pregnant.
- (3) The *registered* domestic partnership is not more than five years in duration.
- (4) Neither party has any interest in real property wherever situated, with the exception of the lease of a residence occupied by either party which satisfies the following requirements:
 - (A) The lease does not include an option to purchase.
- (B) The lease terminates within one year from the date of filing of the Notice of Termination of Domestic Partnership.
- (5) There are no unpaid obligations in excess of the amount described in paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 2400, as adjusted by subdivision (b) of Section 2400, incurred by either or both of the parties after registration of the domestic partnership, excluding the amount of any unpaid obligation with respect to an automobile.

__ 5 __ AB 2580

(6) The total fair market value of community property assets, excluding all encumbrances and automobiles, including any deferred compensation or retirement plan, is less than the amount described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 2400, as adjusted by subdivision (b) of Section 2400, and neither party has separate property assets, excluding all encumbrances and automobiles, in excess of that amount.

- (7) The parties have executed an agreement setting forth the division of assets and the assumption of liabilities of the community property, and have executed any documents, title certificates, bills of sale, or other evidence of transfer necessary to effectuate the agreement.
- (8) The parties waive any rights to support by the other domestic partner.
- (9) The parties have read and understand a brochure prepared by the Secretary of State describing the requirements, nature, and effect of terminating a domestic partnership.
- (10) Both parties desire that the domestic partnership be terminated.
- (b) The *registered* domestic partnership shall be terminated effective six months after the date of filing of the Notice of Termination of Domestic Partnership with the Secretary of State pursuant to this section, provided that neither party has, before that date, filed with the Secretary of State a notice of revocation of the termination of domestic partnership, in the form and content as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of State, and sent to the other party a copy of the notice of revocation by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at the other party's last known address. The effect of termination of a domestic partnership pursuant to this section shall be the same as, and shall be treated for all purposes as, the entry of a judgment of dissolution of a domestic partnership.
- (c) The termination of a domestic partnership pursuant to subdivision (b) does not prejudice nor bar the rights of either of the parties to institute an action in the superior court to set aside the termination for fraud, duress, mistake, or any other ground recognized at law or in equity. A court may set aside the termination of domestic partnership and declare the termination of the domestic partnership null and void upon proof that the parties did not meet the requirements of subdivision (a) at the time of the

AB 2580

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filing of the Notice of Termination of Domestic Partnership with the Secretary of State.

- (d) The superior courts shall have jurisdiction over all proceedings relating to the dissolution of domestic partnerships, nullity of domestic partnerships, and legal separation of partners in a domestic partnership. The dissolution of a domestic partnership, nullity of a domestic partnership, and legal separation of partners in a domestic partnership shall follow the same procedures, and the partners shall possess the same rights, protections, and benefits, and be subject to the same responsibilities, obligations, and duties, as apply to the dissolution of marriage, nullity of marriage, and legal separation of spouses in a marriage, respectively, except as provided in subdivision (a), and except that, in accordance with the consent acknowledged by domestic partners in the Declaration of Domestic Partnership form, proceedings for dissolution, nullity, or legal separation of a domestic partnership registered in this state may be filed in the superior courts of this state even if neither domestic partner is a resident of, or maintains a domicile in, the state at the time the proceedings are filed.
- SEC. 3. Section 14771 of the Government Code is amended 22 to read:
 - 14771. (a) The director, through the forms management center, shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Establish a State Forms Management Program for all state agencies, and provide assistance in establishing internal forms management capabilities.
 - (2) Study, develop, coordinate and initiate forms of interagency and common administrative usage, and establish basic state design and specification criteria to effect the standardization of public-use forms.
 - (3) Provide assistance to state agencies for economical forms design and forms artwork composition and establish and supervise control procedures to prevent the undue creation and reproduction of public-use forms.
 - (4) Provide assistance, training, and instruction in forms management techniques to state agencies, forms management representatives, and departmental forms coordinators, and provide direct administrative and forms management assistance to new state organizations as they are created.

—7 — **AB 2580**

(5) Maintain a central cross index of public-use forms to facilitate the standardization of these forms, to eliminate redundant forms, and to provide a central source of information on the usage and availability of forms.

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- (6) Utilize appropriate procurement techniques to take advantage of competitive bidding, consolidated orders, and contract procurement of forms, and work directly with the Office of State Publishing toward more efficient, economical and timely procurement, receipt, storage, and distribution of state forms.
- (7) Coordinate the forms management program with the existing state archives and records management program to ensure timely disposition of outdated forms and related records.
- (8) Conduct periodic evaluations of the effectiveness of the overall forms management program and the forms management practices of the individual state agencies, and maintain records which indicate net dollar savings which have been realized through centralized forms management.
- (9) Develop and promulgate rules and standards to implement the overall purposes of this section.
- (10) Create and maintain by July 1, 1986, a complete and comprehensive inventory of public-use forms in current use by the state.
- (11) Establish and maintain, by July 1, 1986, an index of all public-use forms in current use by the state.
- (12) Assign, by January 1, 1987, a control number to all public-use forms in current use by the state.
- (13) Establish a goal to reduce the existing burden of state collections of public information by 30 percent by July 1, 1987, and to reduce that burden by an additional 15 percent by July 1, 1988.
- (14) Provide Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including, but not limited to, Section 14774, provide notice to state agencies, forms management representatives, and departmental forms coordinators, that in the usual course of reviewing and revising all public-use forms that refer to or use the terms spouse, husband, wife, father, mother, marriage, or marital status, that appropriate references to state-registered domestic partner, parent, or state-registered domestic partnership are to be included.
- (15) Delegate implementing authority to state agencies where 40 the delegation will result in the most timely and economical

AB 2580

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method of accomplishing the responsibilities set forth in this 2 section.

The director, through the forms management center, may require any agency to revise any public-use form which the director determines is inefficient.

- (b) Due to the need for tax forms to be available to the public on a timely basis, all tax forms, including returns, schedules, notices, and instructions prepared by the Franchise Tax Board for public use in connection with its administration of the Personal Income Tax Law, Senior Citizens Property Tax Assistance and 10 Postponement Law, Bank and Corporation Tax Law, and the Political Reform Act of 1974 and the State Board of Equalization's administration of county assessment standards, state-assessed property, timber tax, sales and use tax, hazardous substances tax, alcoholic beverage tax, cigarette tax, motor vehicle fuel license tax, use fuel tax, energy resources surcharge, emergency telephone users surcharge, insurance tax, and universal telephone service tax shall be exempt from subdivision (a), and, instead, each board shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Establish a goal to standardize, consolidate, simplify, efficiently manage, and, where possible, reduce the number of tax forms.
 - (2) Create and maintain, by July 1, 1986, a complete and comprehensive inventory of tax forms in current use by the board.
 - (3) Establish and maintain, by July 1, 1986, an index of all tax forms in current use by the board.
 - (4) Report to the Legislature, by January 1, 1987, on its progress to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of all tax
 - (c) The director, through the forms management center, shall develop and maintain, by December 31, 1995, an ongoing master inventory of all nontax reporting forms required of businesses by state agencies, including a schedule for notifying each state agency of the impending expiration of certain report review requirements pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 14775.